









## Basic Requirements for Preparation of Paper Documents

The main purpose of this Brochure is to remove doubt in document preparation for lodgement at Landgate, and to assist settlement agents and solicitors to “get it right the first time”. It should be used in conjunction with Landgate’s Land Titles Registration Policy and Procedure Guides ([Land Transactions toolkit](#)) and Customer Information Bulletins (CIBs), as well as all relevant laws and regulations.

This Brochure covers common errors identified by Landgate staff in regard to document preparation and details the requirements of Landgate as to attestations and amendments.

## Document Preparation

### Forms

Choose the correct Form in the first instance.

Schedule forms are available in PDF format on the Landgate website. Generally, word versions are not provided as margins, format and operative clauses are unintentionally removed.

Minor defects in the forms may be acceptable without the requirement for acceptance. For example; where a form has been hole punched – if the holes do not interfere with names, addresses, encumbrance numbers or executions/signatures this is acceptable, where margin lines have not printed this is acceptable.

A document will not require formal acceptance where the document has been printed single sided up to 8 pages.

A document will not require formal acceptance where the document has been printed in another country and the page size is not the Australian standard A4 size, such as USA and Canadian paper.

### Searches

In order to correctly complete documents for registration it is best practice to search the current, original Certificate of Title and order a copy from Landgate.

### Land Description Panel

The land description is to be shown in full as per the Certificate of Title – for example “Lot 1 on Deposited Plan 12345” or “Lot 1 on Plan 12346”. However, “Lot 1 on DP 12345” or “Lot 1 on P 12346” would also be acceptable, although not encouraged to be used.

Likewise, for a strata lot, the best description would be shown as “Lot 1 on Strata Plan 12345” or “Lot 1 on Survey Strata Plan 12345”. However, “Lot 1 on SP 12345” is also acceptable (doesn’t matter if it is a strata plan or survey strata plan, shortened reference of SP is acceptable to both although not encouraged to be used).

Similarly, if the land description is referenced to a Diagram, “Lot 1 on Diagram 12345” should be used. However, “Lot 1 on D 12345” may also be accepted but not encouraged to be used.

Where a document does not contain an Estate and Interest panel, the words “As to the interest/share of (person x) only” should be stated in the Land Description panel. Commonly required for Survivorship and Transmission Applications, Memorials and Caveats.

Where the document relates to a registered interest, such as a Lease. The Land Description should include the words ‘As to Lease XXXXXX’.

The Extent panel is also included in the Land Description and is used to identify whether “Whole” of the land or “Part” of the land is being affected. This panel is not related to shares that an individual may hold in the land.

The Volume and Folio number are required to be shown unless the document is following an Application for New Titles. In that case, Landgate will allocate the new title number to the document.

Alterations to a Lot or to a Survey number are acceptable (only one part of the land description can be amended and the amendment must be for only one number) provided the amendment is initialed by all parties to the document. For example, if the land description was shown as Lot 123 on DP 45678, only one digit in the whole description can be amended.

Where the land description has been amended and the document attracts duty, any amendment to the land description as described above must be shown in a new Certificate of Duty or referred to RevenueWA for acknowledgement on the document. Alterations to land descriptions that do not match a Certificate of Duty or are acknowledged by RevenueWA on the face of the document will be stopped and requisitioned.

If alterations are required to both the lot number and to the survey number in a land description panel, a new document should be prepared.

Please note that this does not require the witnesses to initial such amendments.

### **Estate and Interest Panel**

Refer to policy and procedure guide DOC-01 Document Preparation for more details about this topic, paying particular attention to the following key matters.

Interest as Tenants in Common - Transactions limited to a share in land should be shown in the Estate and Interest panel of transfer documents. For example, "fee simple in one undivided half share only" or "fee simple in ½ (half) share only".

Interest of a Joint Tenant – an example of the correct wording to be expressed in the Estate and Interest panel is "fee simple as to the interest of A as joint tenant with B".

No Estate and Interest Panel - Where a document does not have an Estate and Interest panel, such as an application, it would be appropriate to show the share as a heading in the land description panel. For example, "As to one undivided half share only in" Lot 22 on Deposited Plan 12345 or Lot 22 on Deposited Plan 12345 as to one undivided half share only.

Any amendment to the Estate and Interest panel by adding or removing shares or interests must be initialed by the parties to the document and match the new Certificate of Duty or be acknowledged by RevenueWA on the face of the document. Solicitors or Agents are not to make these amendments.

### **Limitations, Interests, Encumbrances and Notifications**

A current search of a Certificate of Title is recommended to identify any current Limitation, Interest, Encumbrance and Notifications "limitations".

Do not include any interests in new documentation that are being removed.

Absolute caveats prevent the registration of instruments (such as transfers, leases and mortgages), so check any caveats carefully. Refer to the notes section on the back of each document as not all Limitations, Interests, Encumbrances and Notifications are required to be shown.

### **Expired Restrictive Covenants – Transfers**

All parties preparing transfer documents should search the restrictive covenant to ascertain if the restrictive covenant has expired. If the document preparing party is of the opinion that the restrictive covenant has expired, a signed letter must accompany the transfer requesting its removal when lodged in paper or attached to the lodgement where the Transfer is lodged electronically.

The content of the letter need only contain the following line:

Restrictive Covenant [doc. #] may have expired and, if so, should be removed from Certificate of Title Volume [#] Folio [#].

Warning: Restrictive Covenants that contain unexploded ordinance provisions cannot be full removed, even if an expiry date is state.

### **Interests Notified on Strata Plan**

It is best practice to include the strata plan number when completing the limitations panel for a strata lot transfer/mortgage by showing "Interests notified on Strata Plan 12345", "Interests shown on Survey Strata Plan 12345" or "Interests notified on SP 12345" however Interests shown on the Strata Plan" without the number being shown is also acceptable, although not encouraged.

### **Applicant Panel**

The full name and current address of the applicant is required. In some instances, the address as show on the title is also require, see instructions on the relevant form. For example; Mary Jane Smith of 1 Midland Square Midland WA 6056 Formerly of PO Box 2222 Midland WA 6936.

### **Transferor Panel**

Do not show the address of the transferor in this panel, however if an address is shown it is acceptable for registration without a formal request for acceptance.

If the name of a transferor has changed since becoming registered as the proprietor, the relevant evidence (and statutory declaration) is required (see Exemptions to Lodging an Application to Amend Name in the Land Titles Registration Policy and Procedure Guide NAM-01 Name Amendment).

As a general rule, always state the true and correct current name of the transferor (or any applicant or other interest holder) first, followed by reference to the former or incorrectly shown name. The transferors (or any applicant or other interest holder) panel is also acceptable if the former or incorrect name is shown first, followed by the new name.

For example, if the name is changed due to marriage and the person is being shown in the transferor's panel of a transfer: "Mary Julie South formerly known as Mary Julie Smith" or, if there was a spelling error, "Jodi Denise South incorrectly shown as Jody Denise South".

### **Consideration Panel**

"NIL" is not acceptable for consideration.

Show the true consideration (see section 3.5 of Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guide TFR-02 Transfers - Document Preparation).

Where one (1) Transfer is being used to achieve multiple parts to a transaction rather than separate Transfers, all the parts to the consideration must be stated, such as 'Pursuant to the terms of the Will of xxxx AND for \$\$\$\$' or 'Pursuant to the terms of the Will of xxxx AND by Deed of Family Amendment'.

Any amendment to the Consideration panel requires the initials of all parties and must match the new Certificate of Duty or be acknowledged by RevenueWA on the face of the document.

Note: In most instances, documents quoted in the consideration panel do not usually have to be produced with transfer documents where the Transaction date in the Certificate of Duty matches the date stated in the consideration panel.

For Family Court Orders, the Transaction Date in the Certificate of Duty should match the date the Transfer was signed.

Where the date of the document shown in the consideration panel does not match the details shown by RevenueWA (OSR), Landgate will require the document to be produced. If the document is a court order, a sealed copy or a Landgate sighted copy of it is required, unless a digital order has been made, and then a printout is sufficient.

This principle applies to all documents referred to in the consideration panel.

Where the consideration refers to a “Deed of Family Arrangement”, the originally stamped deed will need to be produced with the transfer document (or a Landgate sighted copy).

### **Transferee Panel**

The Transferee panel must show the full name(s) and address(es) of the Transferee(s) (i.e. the buyers). If there is more than one person listed, a tenancy is required to be stated such as “Joint Tenants”, “Tenants in Common in Equal Shares” or “Tenants in Common” with shares stated.

Shares should be stated as fractions, such as 1/3 and 2/3. Do not show shares as percentages. All shares should be shown in the lowest common denominator, where appropriate.

For non-westernised names, the Certificate of Title will show the surname (family name) as the last name, as per the transferee(s) panel in the transfer. If names are shown in a non-westernised style, then the surname should be underlined.

For example, if the name is shown as “Lim Soo Yong” on the transfer, it will be recorded on the Certificate of Title as Lim Soo Yong. If the name is shown as “Lim Soo Yong” in the transferee(s) panel, then the name will be shown as Soo Yong Lim on the Certificate of Title.

Where a surname contains multiple parts, the two or more parts surname must be clear by way of underlining. Correction to the surname may not occur if it’s not clearly indicated in the actual Transfer.

Any amendment to the name(s) or tenancy of the Transferee(s) must be initialled by the transferee(s) and match the new Certificate of Duty or be acknowledged by RevenueWA on the face of the document. Solicitors or Agents are not to make these amendments.

### **Addresses in Documents**

A person’s legal description includes their full name and address.

Where there are two or more documents being lodged for the same proprietor or interest holder (where an address is shown), the address of the proprietor or interest holder must be the same in each document.

For example, if an application and transfer are being lodged, the address shown in the transferee’s panel should match the address shown in the applicants panel.

Most applications will update the registered proprietor(s) address as well as electronically lodged mortgages.

### **Contractual Components in Mortgages**

The National Mortgage Form (NMF) does not provide for long form format. The contractual component should be lodged prior to the NMF in the form of a Memorandum of Common Provisions (MCP). DOC-06 Memorandum of Common Provisions for more details about this topic.

Adding an MCP after the mortgagor has signed the mortgage will not be accepted unless the mortgagor has initialed the addition. An Attorney or Solicitor for the Mortgagee cannot add this information.

## **Attestations**

Refer to Land Titles Registration Policy and Procedure Guide SIG-01 Signing and Witnessing of Documents for more details about this topic, paying particular attention to the key matters below. There are many variations in this part of the document. The Landgate view on the more common of these variations is as follows:



### **Transferor's execution panel**

If a transferor signs twice and the witness signs once, the document will be accepted because it is expected that a prudent witness would insist on seeing the signature applied before applying their own signature.

If a witness signs twice, the document is acceptable for registration.

If a witness includes their details twice, the document is acceptable for registration.

If an amendment is made to the witness details, (such as a spelling error in the name or an amendment to a street address) then this is acceptable for registration, provided any amendment is clearly made and shows the correct details.

Where the witness details indicate a second Christian name by showing a letter only, for example Frank A Smith, then the full name of the witness must be included. This may be inserted by the settlement agent without the acknowledgement of the witness.

If a company executes without a seal, however affixes the seal in error, the addition of the seal is acceptable provided the execution (other than the additional seal) is in accordance with the Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guides.

If there are witnesses to the signatures of company seal holders, the additional signatures of the witnesses (and details) are acceptable for registration, provided the execution by the seal holders is in accordance with the Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guides.

Landgate acceptance is not required prior to lodgement for any of the above situations.

### **Transferee execution panel**

If the transferee signs once and the witness signs twice, the witness must supply a letter of explanation negating any interest in the transfer. The letter should describe the transfer by land description, the parties (transferor and transferee), must be signed, dated, witnessed and contain a statement confirming the person signing does not have any interest in the transfer document other than as a witness.

Any additional signature shown in the transferee execution panel (excepting a transferee's signature) must be explained by letter of explanation from the person who has signed in addition. The letter should describe the transfer by land description, the parties (transferor and transferee), must be signed, dated, witnessed and contain a statement confirming the person signing does not have any interest in the transfer document other than as a witness/accidentally signed.

If a witness includes their details twice this is acceptable for registration, for example, a witness printing their name twice is acceptable.

Landgate acceptance is not required prior to lodgement for the above situations.

### **Mortgagor's execution – additional signatures**

If an extra signature appears in a mortgage document, Landgate will not issue a requisition, provided the mortgagor has signed correctly and had their signature witnessed.

Landgate acceptance is not required prior to lodgement.

### **Extra/Additional Signatures in General**

In general, where there are additional signatures in a document for no apparent reason (other than discussed above), a letter of explanation from any person who has signed in addition, is required. The explanation should include a statement to the effect that they hold no interest in the land transaction document that has been signed; describe the land, the document type and the parties to the document.

Survivorship and Transmission Application will be accepted with or without a witness signature, except where the Application is executed under Power of Attorney, SAT Order or contains a marksman clause which must be witnessed. Landgate acceptance is not required prior to lodgement.

### **Different Signatures in documents**

Where there are two or more documents being lodged together and the signatures of a person signing the documents are different in each document, a letter of explanation will need to be provided. The letter should explain the use of the different signatures, describe the documents land description, parties, must be signed and witnessed, dated and must contain the different signatures as confirmation. Landgate acceptance is not required prior to lodgement.

### **Transferor and Transferee sign on incorrect sides**

If the parties to the document inadvertently sign in the wrong attestation panels the following applies; amend the headings to the panels. That is, replace “Transferee” with “Transferor” and vice versa.

Landgate acceptance is not required prior to lodgement.

### **Company execution**

Section 127 of the Corporations Act 2001 now provides that a sole director must sign a document in their capacity as sole director, where the director is also the sole company secretary, or if the company does not have a company secretary. This will mean that where a director states that they are a sole director when executing a document, no additional evidence in support of the execution will be required to be provided.

A “sole director and sole secretary” should always been shown as “sole director and sole secretary”. If a person is shown as “sole director/secretary” there is uncertainty if the person executing is either the sole director or sole secretary or both, so this form of title should not be used.

A Company search should be conducted to confirm who are the Directors and Secretaries for the Company.

If a company executes without a seal, however affixes the seal in error, the addition of the seal is acceptable provided the execution (other than the affixing of the seal) is in accordance with the Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guides.

Where a company is executing as transferors and there are witnesses to the signatures of the company seal holders, the additional signatures of the witnesses (and details) are acceptable for registration, provided the execution by the seal holders is in accordance with the Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guides.

Where a company is executing as transferee and there are witnesses to the signatures of the company seal holders, then the witnesses must supply a letter of explanation negating any interest in the transfer.

The letter should describe the transfer by land description, the parties to the transfer, must be signed, dated, witnessed and contain a statement confirming the person signing does not have any interest in the transfer document other than as a witness.

Company execution of documents with or without a common seal would normally include the signatures of:

- (a) two directors of the company, or
- (b) a director and company secretary of the company, or
- (c) for a proprietary company that has a sole director, that director, if:
- (d) the director is also the sole company secretary; or
- (e) the company does not have a company secretary.

Variations (as to who may execute documents) may be permitted by the Constitution of an individual company. Where this is the case, evidence must be produced to verify the right of the person or persons signing.

For company execution requirements, the Land Titles Registration Policy and Procedure Guide SIG-03 Signing by a Corporation.

### **Inserting a missed A.C.N in a document**

Hand amendments to an ACN in a document either by correcting a number or inserting the ACN where it's been omitted can be accepted without acknowledgment provided there is no change to the company name stated.

### **Non-Western Signatures and Interpreter's clauses**

Where a document is signed by a person using characters, for example, hanzi/Chinese, Arabic etc, and is witnessed correctly, Landgate will assume that person understands the document and has affixed their usual signature. Witnesses are responsible for ensuring the person whose signature they are witnessing understands the English language sufficiently to understand the nature and effect of the document in question. If necessary, an interpreter's clause must be used.

If an interpreter's clause is included and there are two or more documents lodged for the same person, then all documents must include an interpreter's clause. Refer to SIG-02 Signing by Mark or Cross in the Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guides.

## **Verification of Identity**

A VOI statement is required for the following document types:

- Transfer of Land (Transferor and Transferee)
- Mortgages (Mortgagor)
- Applicants in a Survivorship, Transmissions (including as to an encumbrance)
- Caveator in a Caveats and Withdrawal of caveats

Provide a separate VOI statement for each document that is subject to the VOI practice. For example, an application by personal representative and a transfer lodged together require two separate VOI statements, one for each document.

Ensure it's a VOI Statement and not the Identifiers Certificate.

Where the transferor and transferee are the same in a Transfer, one statement will be accepted, for example a Transfer between spouses/partners.

Ensure statements are originally signed.

Ensure the full names for each person identified on the statement which match the name(s) shown in the documents.

Include full land description, showing lot and survey and Volume and Folio references.

Place of identification can be shown as a suburb or town, for example Subiaco, Norwood, Melbourne, Wagga Wagga or Perth are all acceptable.

## **Registrar's Caveats**

Registrar's Caveats can be for multiple purposes, for more information of the types of interest that may be protected by a Registrar's Caveat see CAV-03 Caveats – types of in the Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guides.

Generally, Registrar's Caveats will not be removed from the title until documents are lodged which causes instigates the review or the purpose of the caveat and thus determine if the interest being protected by the caveat has cease.

Where the Registrar's Caveat protects the beneficiaries of a trust, a declaration of which has been deposited with the Registrar, the trustee generally has a power to sell the affected Land. Where a transfer to give effect to a sale of the Land is lodged, the Registrar's Caveat is removed, as the beneficiaries interest (with respect to the Land) ceases on registration of the transfer.

Where a trustee is acting in terms of his or her powers under the trust, the Registrar's Caveat is removed to allow the land transaction to proceed and if required will be replaced following that transaction. It is up to the parties to the transaction (before or at settlement) to satisfy themselves that the trustee is acting within their powers under the trust.

A search of the Registrar's Caveat and any declarations of trust and other evidence lodged with the Registrar should be conducted before settlement. Please note, however, that the evidence filed with the Registrar may be out of date, so it is recommended that the trustee be required to provide all current, relevant documents.

For more information on removal of Registrar's Caveat see CAV-05 Caveats –removal in the Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guides.

## Registrar's Packets

Generally, Registrar's Packets are used to monitor a title that is subject to certain Memorials, Court action or other proceeding that may be deemed inappropriate. The presence of a Registrar's Packet may not prevent a transaction from being processed but may require additional documents or Orders to allow a transaction to accrue.

A 'Status Report' should be obtained in the first instance to ascertain the purpose of the Packet. This search can be done through Customer Service using the Request for Status Report Form.

A Status Report is not provided for Registrar's Packet J479868 (Sketch on Transfer), but an email can be provided specifying its purpose. The hundreds of multi lot titles in the packet will generally not be removed, not unless an appropriate WAPC approved plan is lodged.

## Supporting Evidence

It is the responsibility of the parties/agents/representative to a transaction to ensure a Landgate Sighted, Australia Post Certified or a Certified copy by a Settlement Agent/Lawyer is obtained prior to lodgement.

Orders issued by the various Courts in an electronic format will not be sighted as Original, and where it is obvious the Order is electronically seal it will be accepted at lodgement. This includes SAT Orders, Supreme/Family Court Orders and others.

Where a WA mandated document is lodged in paper, a correctly completed Request to accept paper lodgement form must accompany the transaction.

### **Statutory Declarations**

Where dealing with WA land, a Statutory Declaration under the Oaths, Affidavits and Statutory Declarations Act 2005 (OASD Act) should be used. The Commonwealth Statutory Declarations Act 1959 may also be accepted.

Any amendments or inclusions to a statutory declaration must be initialed by the declarant and the witness, Landgate Officers do not have the authority under the OASD Act to make or accept defects or corrections to a statutory declaration. Any amendment, inclusion or change in medium (typed to handwriting) should be made by the declaration and initialed by them and their witness. Where the defect cannot be amended in such a way then a new statutory declaration should be obtained. Landgate Officers cannot provide acceptance on defects and omission to statutory declaration.

## RevenueWA(OSR) notation required - amendments to a Transfer

The following amendments to a Transfer would require an OSR acknowledgement:

- Land description – any amendment on a document subject to duty
- The share being dealt on is changed in an estate and interest panel of a transfer
- Any amendment to the name(s) of transferee(s)

The name(s) of the transferor(s) are changed to that of an obvious different person. Minor amendment (not to the surname) are exempt:

- Consideration.

The following amendments to a Transfer would not require an OSR acknowledgement:

- Minor amendment to the name of a transferor(s) only (not surname)
- Re-execution.

### Alterations

In general, all alterations including additions and deletions, are to be initialed by all signatories, including witnesses, unless otherwise stated elsewhere in this paper or in the Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guides.

### Dates on a Document

All documents are to be dated.

### Amendment of Documents by Solicitors and Settlement Agents

Amendments made prior to lodgement to prevent the issue of requisitions, or after lodgement to comply with requisitions, can, in some instances, be made by Solicitors or Settlement Agents on behalf of their clients.

Generally, amendments cannot be made by Solicitors or Settlement Agents where there:

- Are alterations to Lot or to Survey numbers and:
- Is substitution of a completely different name of a party, and/or
- Is substitution of a completely different number in the registered number of an encumbrance being discharged or withdrawn (an amendment of no more than 2 numbers or an addition, deletion or transposition of numbers is acceptable provided that the number being changed is not an encumbrance on that Certificate of Title).

### Amendment of documents before lodgement

Refer to Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guide REG-02 The Register.

Amendments by Solicitors or Settlement Agents to documents prior to lodgement are to be verified by a Certificate on either the face or reverse of the document, or where space is limited by an originally signed letter on letter headed paper. Appropriate deletions or insertions are to be made in those parts of the form between brackets.

I (full name).....am the (Solicitor/Settlement Agent) for the (Transferee/ Transferor/etc). I have made or authorised and I have authority to make or to authorise on behalf of such person(s) the amendment(s) (hereon/on the reverse hereof) countersigned by me.

.....  
Witness (Solicitor/Settlement Agent/Justice of Peace)

.....  
Date

Refer to Land Titles Registration policy and procedure guide REG-02 The Register.

## Written examples of acceptable and unacceptable amendments

On the following pages are examples of situations of amendments which:

- Are not permitted and require a new Transfer of Land document to be prepared
- Are acceptable without acknowledgement from the parties and do not require Landgate acceptance prior to lodgement
- Are acceptable with acknowledgement, once acknowledged Landgate pre- approval is not required
- Are acceptable without acknowledgment, except where stated, and do not require Landgate acceptance prior to lodgement

Further information and advice can be provided through the contact information at the front of this booklet.

## Example 1:

The following amendments **are not permitted** and require a new Transfer of Land document to be prepared

FORM T2  
WESTERN AUSTRALIA  
TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893 AS AMENDED.

### TRANSFER OF LAND

DESCRIPTION OF LAND (Note 1)	EXTENT	VOLUME	FOLIO
Lot 12345 on DP <del>987654</del> <sup>987655</sup>	Whole	4567	123
<b>OR</b> Lot 12345 on DP <del>987654</del> <sup>987655</sup>			

ESTATE AND INTEREST (Note 2)  
Fee Simple

LIMITATIONS, INTERESTS, ENCUMBRANCES and NOTIFICATIONS (Note 3)  
M 000000 – Restrictive Covenant Burden

TRANSFEROR (Note 4)  
Frederick Hoover

CONSIDERATION (Note 5)  
Three Hundred Thousand Dollars - \$300,000.00

TRANSFeree (Note 6)  
Frank Kyle Hock and ~~Brook Bellina Hock~~, both of 1014 Whiskey Circuit, Allanbrook, as Joint Tenants.  
**OR**  
Frank Kyle Hock and ~~Brook Bellina Hock~~ <sup>Ann Peta</sup>, both of 1014 Whiskey Circuit, Allanbrook, as Joint Tenants.

» Substitution of a completely new lot or plan reference  
» Amendments to two or more parts of the land description

New Transfer required where names are completely changed, substituted or deleted

## Example 2:

Amendments as shown are acceptable with acknowledgement as indicated. Once acknowledged, Landgate pre-approval is not required.

FORM T2  
WESTERN AUSTRALIA  
TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893 AS AMENDED.

### TRANSFER OF LAND

DESCRIPTION OF LAND (Note 1)

Lot 12345 on DP 987654<sup>5</sup>

Initialising of amendment to land description required from all of the following:  
» Transferor  
» Transferee  
» State Revenue

Note: Amendments to Land Descriptions cannot be made by Solicitors or Settlement Agents

ESTATE AND INTEREST (Note 2)

Fee Simple

LIMITATIONS, INTERESTS, ENCUMBRANCES and NOTIFICATIONS (Note 3)

M 000000 – Restrictive Covenant Burden  
M 149404 – NOTIFICATION

Any inclusion or amendment to be acknowledged by all transferees

TRANSFEROR (Note 4)

Frederick Hoover  
*Incorrectly shown on title as Fredrick Hoover*

Any inclusion or amendment to be acknowledged by the transferor

CONSIDERATION (Note 5)

AND ONE<sup>1</sup>  
Three Hundred Thousand Dollars \$300,000.00

Any amendment to be acknowledged by:  
» Transferor  
» Transferee  
» State Revenue

TRANSFEEE (Note 6)

*Betty*  
Frank Kyle Hock and Brook ~~Bettina~~ Hock, both of 1014 Whiskey ~~Circuit~~ Circle, Allanbrook, as Joint Tenants.

Minor amendments to names to be acknowledged by:  
» All Transferees  
» State Revenue

Amendments to the address (including a new address) can be made by Solicitor or Settlement Agent (with stamp) or acknowledged by all transferees

New Transfer required where names are completely changed, substituted or deleted



### Example 3:

Amendments or additions as shown are acceptable without acknowledgement from the parties to transfer. Landgate acceptance prior to lodgement is not required.

PAGE 3

**ATTESTATION SHEET**

Dated this 31<sup>st</sup> day of April, 2020

**TRANSFEROR/S SIGN HERE (Note 7)**

Signed F Hoover  
 Frederick Hoover  
 Frederick  
 In the presence of K Amy  
 Kristine S. Army (Susan)  
 10 Circus Circle, Yellowcliffe  
 Pilot Yellowcliffe

**REQUEST FOR ISSUE / NON-ISSUE (Instruction 4)**

BY SIGNING THIS PANEL, I / WE THE TRANSFEREE REQUEST THE ISSUE / NON - ISSUE ( *DELETE AS REQUIRED* ) OF A DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE(S) OF TITLE FOR THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED.

Signed F Hoover Signed

**TRANSFEREE/S SIGN HERE (Note 7)**

THE LODGING PARTY OF THIS DOCUMENT IS AUTHORIZED BY THE ABOVE NAMED TRANSFEREE TO INSTRUCT ISSUING DETAILS FOR THE DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE(S) OF TITLE.

Signed F Hock Signed B. Hock  
 Frank Kyle Hock  
 Franklin  
 In the presence of: RS  
 Roger Samuels  
 10 Stylish Parade, Lakeview  
 Consultant Engineer  
 0555  
 0545 123 789

Brook Betty Hock  
 In the presence of: RS

FH B.H

**Annotations:**

- Deletion or amendment of date acceptable
- Additional signature of transferor acceptable
- Amendments to the transferor or witness details are acceptable, including adding a name where an initial is shown or an amendment or crossing out to correct a spelling error
- Signing of issue/non-issue panel by any transferor acceptable
- Signing in red or other coloured ink acceptable, provided it can be fully reproduced electronically, such as by scanning or photocopying
- Witness details not required if the same person has witnessed and the witness details have already been included
- Amendments to the witness details are acceptable, including adding a name where an initial is shown, or amending or crossing out to correct a spelling error
- Signatures and/or initials of parties to the transfer outside the page border are acceptable when in addition to correct execution

### Example 4:

Amendments as shown are acceptable without acknowledgement except where stated. Landgate acceptance prior to lodgement is not required.

PAGE 3

ATTESTATION SHEET

Dated this	day of	Year
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TRANSFEROR/S SIGN HERE (Note 7)

Executed by Docker Farms Pty Ltd – ACN 000 000 000

Kristian Army  
Director *K Army*

Robert Winner  
Director/Secretary *R Winner*  
*Roger Rocket*  
*10 Placid Street, Perth*  
*Inventor*  
*RRocket*

A witness or witnesses to the directors of the company is acceptable where a company is executing as transferor without any further explanation

REQUEST FOR ISSUE / NON-ISSUE (Instruction 4)

BY SIGNING THIS PANEL, I / WE THE TRANSFEREE REQUEST THE **ISSUE / NON - ISSUE ( DELETE AS REQUIRED )** of a DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE(S) OF TITLE FOR THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED.

Signed \_\_\_\_\_ Signed \_\_\_\_\_

TRANSFEREE/S SIGN HERE (Note 7)

THE LODGING PARTY OF THIS DOCUMENT IS AUTHORISED BY THE ABOVE NAMED TRANSFEREE TO INSTRUCT ISSUING DETAILS FOR THE DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE(S) OF TITLE.

Signed *F Whisky* Signed \_\_\_\_\_  
Frank Kyle Whisky

In the presence of: *F Hoover* In the presence of \_\_\_\_\_  
Frederick Hoover  
2 Smallgoods Circle,  
West Cannington,  
Dietician  
*FREDERICK HOOVER*

» A witness may print their name twice, but cannot sign twice.

» As a general principal, any additional signatures in the transferee's execution panel require a letter of explanation for the person or persons who have signed in addition to the transferees in error, such as the witness signing twice.

» If a company is executing as transferee, any witness to the signatures of the director/secretary is not acceptable. Any person signing as a witness to a company director/ secretary must provide a letter of explanation.

## Terms of use

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### **Important**

The information in this document should not be regarded as legal advice. In all matters, users should seek legal advice from an independent legal practitioner.



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